

SUNY Canton
CRIMINAL INCIDENT REPORT

1. Prepared by: Name _____
Title _____
Date _____

2. Was this crime reported to any Law Enforcement Agency? ☐ Yes ☐ No
If "Yes," to which agency: ☐ SUNY Canton University Police
☐ Canton Village Police Department
☐ Other

3. Does the Reporter wish to file a formal complaint? ☐ Yes ☐ No
If "Yes": Name _____
Address _____
Phone _____

4. A) The following crime was reported (please check):

<input type="checkbox"/> Murder	<input type="checkbox"/> Aggravated Assault	<input type="checkbox"/> Robbery
<input type="checkbox"/> Non-Negligent Manslaughter	<input type="checkbox"/> Burglary	<input type="checkbox"/> Hate Crimes
<input type="checkbox"/> Negligent Manslaughter	<input type="checkbox"/> Motor Vehicle Theft	<input type="checkbox"/> Dating Violence
<input type="checkbox"/> Rape	<input type="checkbox"/> Arson	<input type="checkbox"/> Domestic Violence
<input type="checkbox"/> Forcible Touching	<input type="checkbox"/> Liquor Law Violations	<input type="checkbox"/> Stalking
<input type="checkbox"/> Incest	<input type="checkbox"/> Drug Law Violations	<input type="checkbox"/> Hazing
<input type="checkbox"/> Statutory Rape	<input type="checkbox"/> Weapon Law Violations	

Note: Definitions for each of the above on reverse of this form.

B) Was the crime reported a hate crime? ☐ Yes ☐ No
If "Yes," identify the category of prejudice:
☐ Race ☐ Ethnicity ☐ National Origin ☐ Gender Identity
☐ Religion ☐ Disability ☐ Sexual Orientation ☐ Gender

Please provide a brief explanation for this determination:

5. A) Crime occurred: Date _____
Time _____
Location _____

B) Give a brief description of the incident: _____

Please forward completed form to: Chief of University Police, Dana Hall, Room 108

Crime Definitions from the Federal Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook

Arson - Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Criminal Homicide - Manslaughter by Negligence - The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Criminal Homicide - Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter - The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Robbery - The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault - An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

Burglary - The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft - The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned, including joyriding.)

Weapon law Violations - The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Drug Abuse Violations - Violations of State and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadones); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturate, Benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations - The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Hate Crimes - A hate crime (also known as a bias crime) is defined as a crime in which the defendant's conduct was motivated by hatred, bias, or prejudice, based on the actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, gender or sexual orientation, gender identity, of another individual or group of individuals.

Hazing - means any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person (whether individually or in concert with other persons) against another person or persons regardless of the willingness of such other person or persons to participate, that—

(I) is committed in the course of an initiation into, an affiliation with, or the maintenance of membership in, a student organization; and

(II) causes or creates a risk, above the reasonable risk encountered in the course of participation in the institution of higher education or the organization (such as the physical preparation necessary for participation in an athletic team), of physical or psychological injury including—

aa. whipping, beating, striking, electronic shocking, placing of a harmful substance on someone's body, or similar activity;

bb. causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement in a small space, extreme calisthenics, or other similar activity;

cc. causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to consume food, liquid, alcohol, drugs, or other substances;

- dd. causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to perform sexual acts;
- ee. any activity that places another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words or conduct;
- ff. any activity against another person that includes a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law; and
- gg. any activity that induces, causes, or requires another person to perform a duty or task that involves a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law

Sex Offenses Definitions from the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program

Sex Offenses - Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

A. Rape - The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

B. Forcible Touching (Criminal Sexual Contact) - The intentional touching of the clothed or unclothed body parts without consent of the victim for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation; or the forced touching by the victim of the actor's clothed or unclothed body parts, without consent of the victim for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation.

C. Incest - Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

D. Statutory Rape - Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Dating Violence - Any act of violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the survivor. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the survivor's statement and with consideration of the type and length of the relationship and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Two people may be in a romantic or intimate relationship, regardless of whether the relationship is sexual in nature; however, neither a casual acquaintance nor ordinary fraternization between two individuals in a business or social context shall constitute a romantic or intimate relationship. This definition does not include acts covered under domestic violence.

Domestic Violence - Any violent felony or misdemeanor crime committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the survivor, a person sharing a child with the survivor, or a person cohabitating with the survivor as a spouse or intimate partner.

Stalking - Means intentionally engaging in a course of conduct, directed at a specific person, which is likely to cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or cause that person to suffer substantial emotional damage. Examples include, but are not limited to, repeatedly following such person(s), repeatedly committing acts that alarm, cause fear, or seriously annoy such other person(s) and that serve no legitimate purpose, and repeatedly communicating by any means, including electronic means, with such person(s) in a manner likely to intimidate, annoy, or alarm him or her.